

Oil & Gas

Primer: Beginner's Guide

Aimi Nasuha Md Nazri

Equity Analyst (Oil & Gas, Transports)

Phone: +60-1110006568

Email: aimi-nasuha.md-nazri@ambankgroup.com



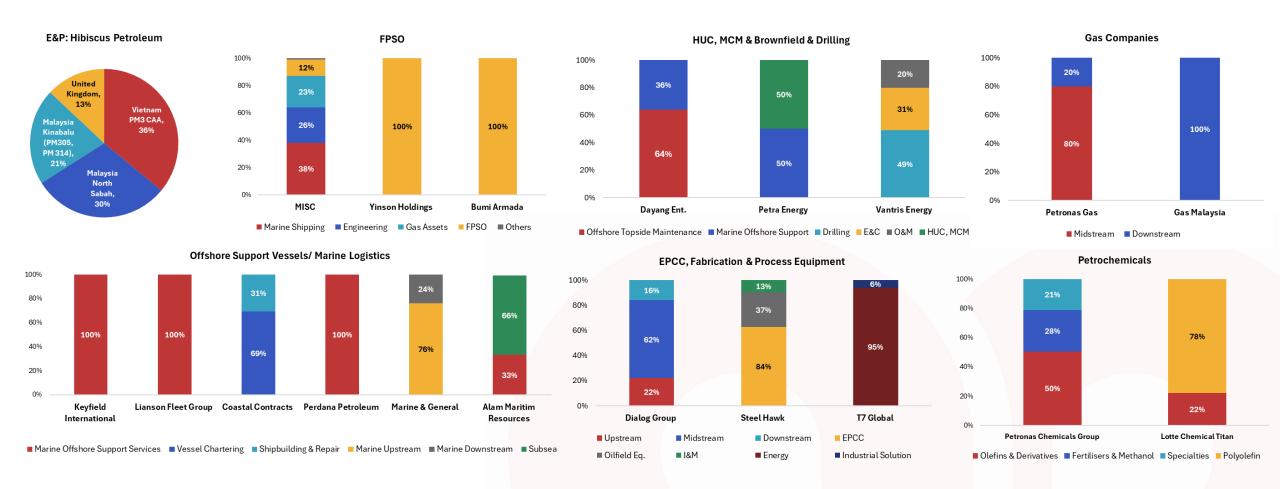
Oil & Gas Industry Landscape



	Subsectors	Description	Drivers	Risks	Securities	Petronas Capex/ Valuation Angle
	Exploration & Production (E&P)	Independent oil & gas companies engaged in finding, developing, and producing fields.	Brent oil price, production volumes, reserve replacement.	Oil price volatility, exploration risk, ESG and regulatory hurdles.	Hibiscus Petroleum	Highly sensitive to oil price. Valuations anchored by reserves NAV and production growth; high-beta proxy for Brent.
	FPSO & Offshore Production / Shipping	Provide floating production, storage & offloading (FPSO) units and offshore shipping solutions (LNG, crude tankers).	FPSO contract awards, offshore field developments, long-term charters.	Project delays, financing/capex overruns, contract expiry risk.	MISC , Yinson Holdings , Bumi Armada	Valuations supported by contract backlog (7–20-year FPSO charters) which provide predictable cash flows, less directly tied to oil prices. *MISC has LNG shipping
Upstream	Offshore Support Vessels (OSV) / Marine Logistics	Operate vessels that transport crew, supplies, and equipment to offshore drilling and production sites.	Offshore exploration & production activity, vessel utilisation, charter day rates.	Industry overcapacity, cyclical rates, high operating costs.	Keyfield International, Lianson Fleet, Coastal Contracts, Perdana Petroleum, Marine & General, Alam Maritim	Earnings closely linked to Petronas' upstream capex cycles. Valuations rise in high-activity periods when vessel demand and day rates improve. *Marine & General has both OSV (upstream) and product tankers (downstream)
	Hook-up, Commissioning, Maintenance (HUC/ MCM)	Provide offshore platform installation, hook-up, commissioning, and brownfield maintenance services.	Offshore maintenance spending, safety requirements, contract wins.	Contract timing, execution risk, reliance on Petronas as key client.	Dayang Enterprise, Vantris Energy, Petra Energy	Direct beneficiaries of Petronas' ongoing O&M and maintenance capex. Earnings visibility tied to contract rollouts and order book.
	EPCC, Fabrication & Process Equipment	Deliver engineering, procurement, construction, commissioning, and fabrication services for O&G plants and terminals.	Refinery and petrochemical expansion projects, RAPID and downstream capex.	Cost overruns, execution risk, contract pipeline visibility.	Dialog Group, Steel Hawk, T7 Global	Valuations supported by contract order books and project pipeline. Dialog also benefits from recurring tank terminal income (downstream logistics). *Dialog has significant downstream beyond EPCC
Midstream	Gas Transmission & Infrastructure	Operates gas pipelines, processing plants, and LNG regasification terminals.	Domestic gas demand growth, regulated tariffs.	Regulatory changes, reliance on Petronas supply.	Petronas Gas	Defensive earnings. Valuations anchored by regulated returns (EV/EBITDA multiples), relatively insulated from commodity cycles.
ream	Gas Distribution (Utility)	Distributes natural gas to industrial, commercial, and residential customers.	Industrial gas demand, tariff adjustments.	Margin pressure from regulation, limited scope for expansion.	Gas Malaysia	Stable, utility-like earnings. Seen as a bond proxy — dependable dividends, but limited growth re-rating potential.
Downst	Petrochemicals	Manufacture petrochemicals such as olefins, polymers, fertilizers, and methanol used in consumer and industrial goods.	Global petrochemical demand, spreads between feedstock (naphtha) and products.	Feedstock volatility, regional oversupply, cyclical demand swings.	Petro Chemicals Group, Lotte Chemical Titan	Valuations tied to petrochemical spreads. EV/EBITDA multiples move with margin cycles; currently at cyclical lows.

Segment Revenue Contribution





Peer Comparison of Malaysian Oil & Gas Companies



AmInvestment Bank

		Mkt Cap			Last	Up/down-		1 Year Forv	vard		EPS	Next FY
Name	Ticker	(RM bil)	Recom.	TP	Price	side	PE	EV/EBITDA	PB	Div Yld	(3Y-Cagr)	EBITDA Margin
Exploration & Production	TIONE!	(11111 211)				3.00				J	(or ca ₆ ,)	2511571 110118111
Hibiscus Petroleum	ніві мк	1.2	PR	PR	1.58	-	5.16	1.84	0.43	4.5%	25%	51%
FPSO & Offshore Production/ Oil G	as Shipping											
MISC	MISC MK	33.3	Buy	8.50	7.47	14%	14.63	8.89	0.80	4.4%	27%	39%
Yinson Holdings	YNS MK	7.0	Buy	4.02	2.40	65%	10.17	7.05	0.94	2.5%	-6%	69%
Bumi Armada	BAB MK	2.1	NC	NC	0.36	-	2.77	3.98	0.27	10.2%	-6%	55%
Offshore Support Vessels/ Marine I	Logistics						 					
Keyfield International	KEYFIELD MK	1.1	PR	PR	1.35	-	4.13	2.12	96.11	8.9%	2%	56%
Lianson Fleet Group	LFG MK	1.8	NC	NC	1.68	-	15.97	9.33	-	1.2%	14%	63%
Coastal Contracts	COCO MK	0.7	NC	NC	1.20	-	-	-	0.34	-	-	-
Perdana Petroleum	PETR MK	0.4	NC	NC	0.17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Marine & General	MARG MK	0.1	NC	NC	0.18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Alam Maritim Resources	AMRB MK	0.1	NC	NC	0.17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hook-up, Commissioning, Maintena	ance (HUC,MCM) &	Brownfield					i i					
Dayang Enterprise Holdings	DEHB MK	2.0	PR	PR	1.72	-	10.58	4.40	0.94	5.6%	-12%	38%
Vantris Energy	VANTNRG MK	0.5	NC	NC	0.51	19%	-	12.01	-	-	5%	13%
Petra Energy	PENB MK	0.3	NC	NC	0.92	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
EPCC, Fabrication & Process Equipm	nent						 					
Dialog Group	DLG MK	10.8	Trading Buy	2.10	1.91	10%	15.92	14.35	1.47	2.3%	24%	22%
Steel Hawk	SKHAWK MK	0.2	NC	NC	0.37	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
T7 Global	T7G MK	0.2	NC	NC	0.24	-	3.90	7.75	0.42	-	8%	25%
Gas Companies												
Petronas Gas	PTG MK	37.0	Hold	18.60	18.70	-1%	19.48	10.12	2.73	4.1%	2%	62%
Gas Malaysia	GMB MK	5.5	NC	NC	4.30	-	13.28	8.35	3.30	5.8%	-1%	8%
Petrochemicals												
Petronas Chemicals Group	PCHEM MK	33.6	Hold	4.70	4.20	12%	11.76	6.93	0.86	3.7%	11%	14%
Lotte Chemical Titan Holding	TTNP MK	1.2	NC	NC	0.53	_	-	233.02	0.17	0.0%	-15%	2%

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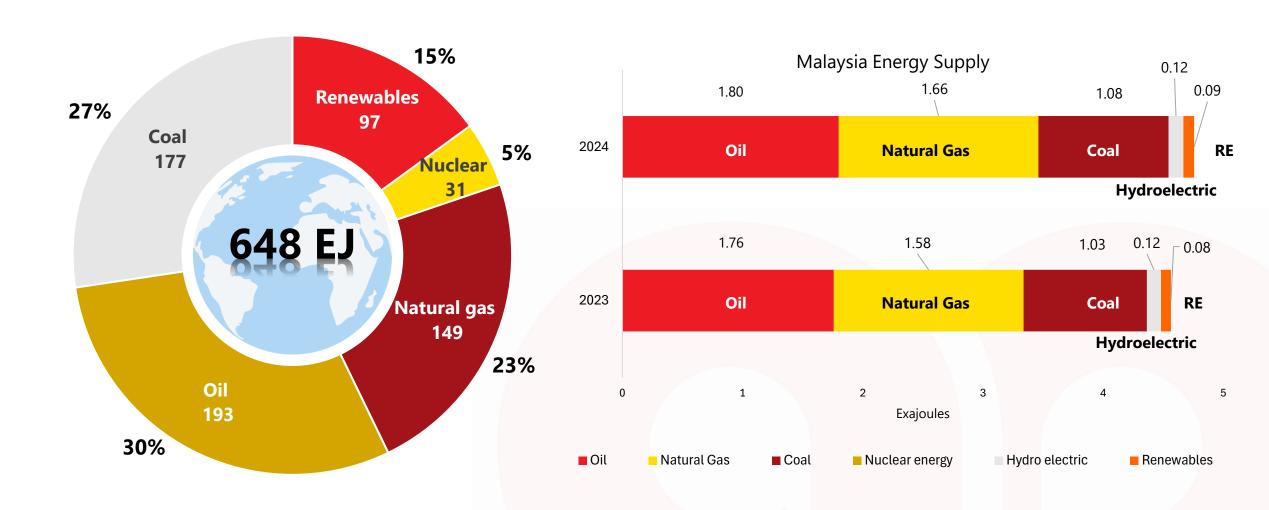
- 01 Why Oil & Gas Matters?
- 02 Oil & Gas Fundamentals
- 03 Oil Market
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- 05 Refining Markets
- Oilfield Services Market
- 07 Key Trends & Risks





Fossil fuels still dominate global energy

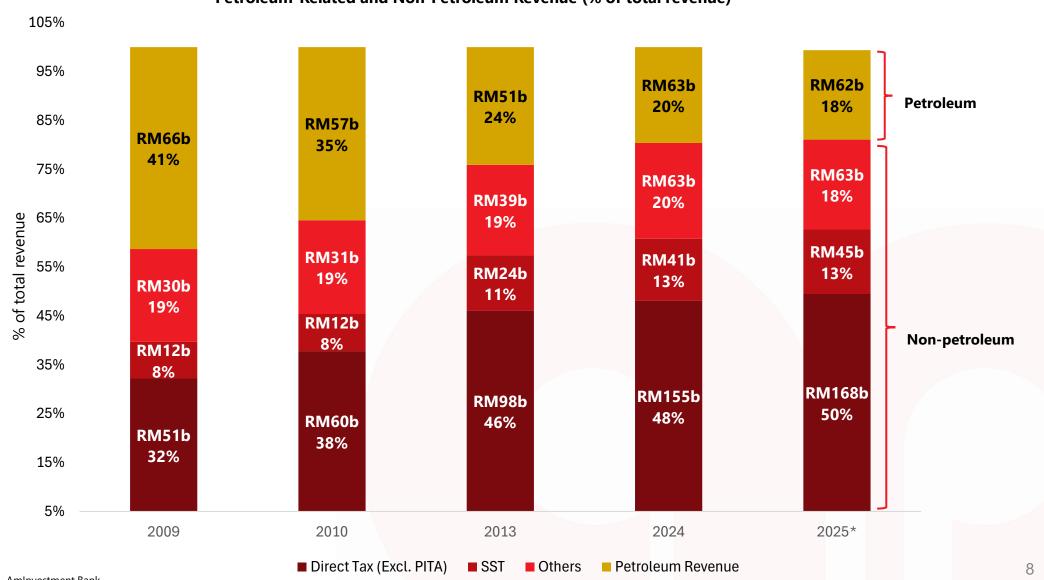




Oil & Gas: How Oil & Gas power Malaysia's budget



Petroleum-Related and Non-Petroleum Revenue (% of total revenue)

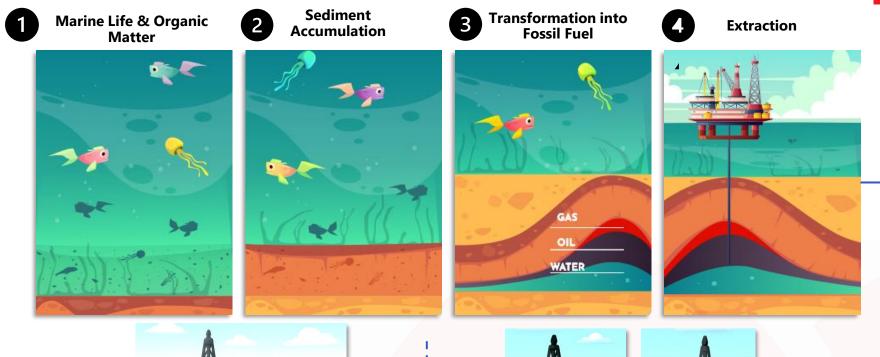






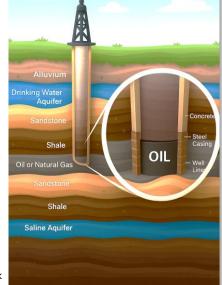
From fossils to fuels





Conventional

(simple reservoir)



Alluvium
Hydraulic Fracture
Oil Oil
Shale

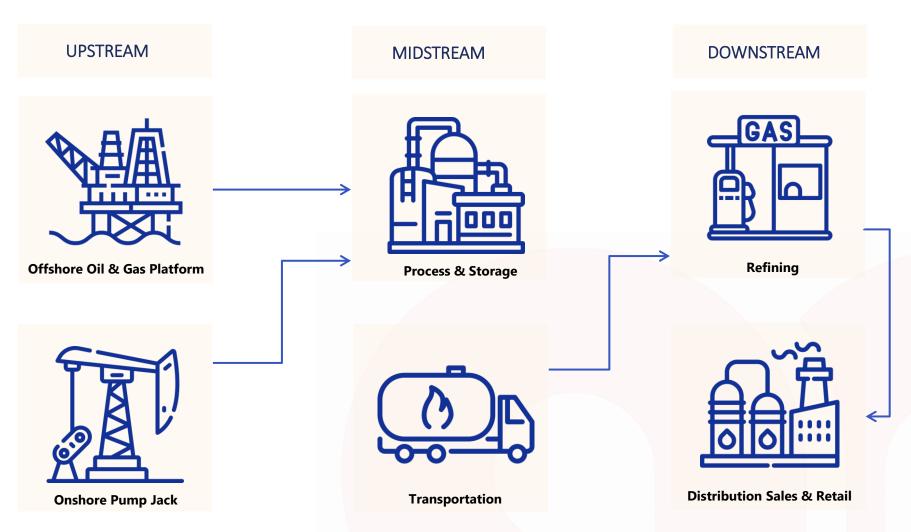
Saline Aquifer

Unconventional

(shale, hydraulic fracturing)

Oil & Gas value chain: From Exploration to End-Use

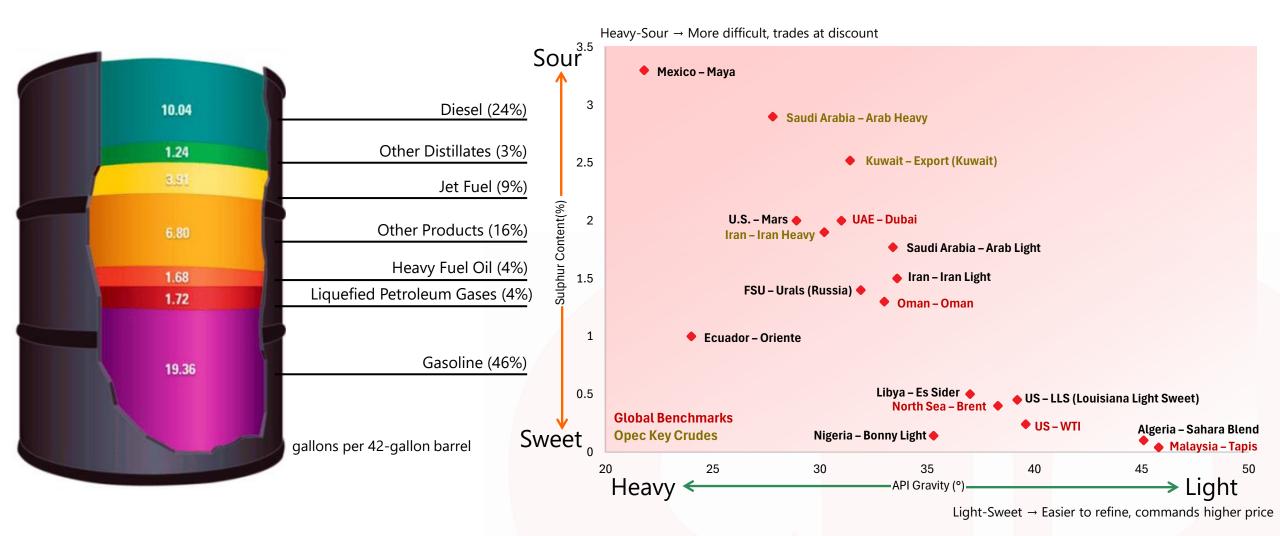




What's in a barrel of oil?



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Oil Pricing Benchmark: Brent and WTI Dominate, Tapis Premium Reflects Quality





Feature	WII (West Texas Intermediate)

Origin Texas, Louisiana (USA)

API Gravity ~39.6° (lighter than Brent)

Sulfur Content

~0.24% (sweeter than Brent)

Benchmark Usage

U.S. benchmark -domestic U.S. pricing

Trading Venue

NYMEX (CME Group)

Delivery Location

Cushing, Oklahoma (landlocked)

Typical Price Spread

WTI trades at a discount to Brent, due to

landlocked and transport cost

Tapis Blend Feature

Origin Malaysia (offshore Terengganu)

API Gravity ~44° (very light)

Sulfur ~0.04% (very sweet) Content

Asia-Pacific benchmark, before the rise of Benchmark

DME Oman and Dubai Usage

Trading OTC (over-the-counter) Venue

Delivery FOB (Free on Board) Kerteh Terminal,

Peninsular Malaysia Location

Typical Price Trades at a premium to Brent due to high Spread

quality

Regional crudes (inc. Malaysia) priced relative to **Brent or Dubai/Oman** benchmarks

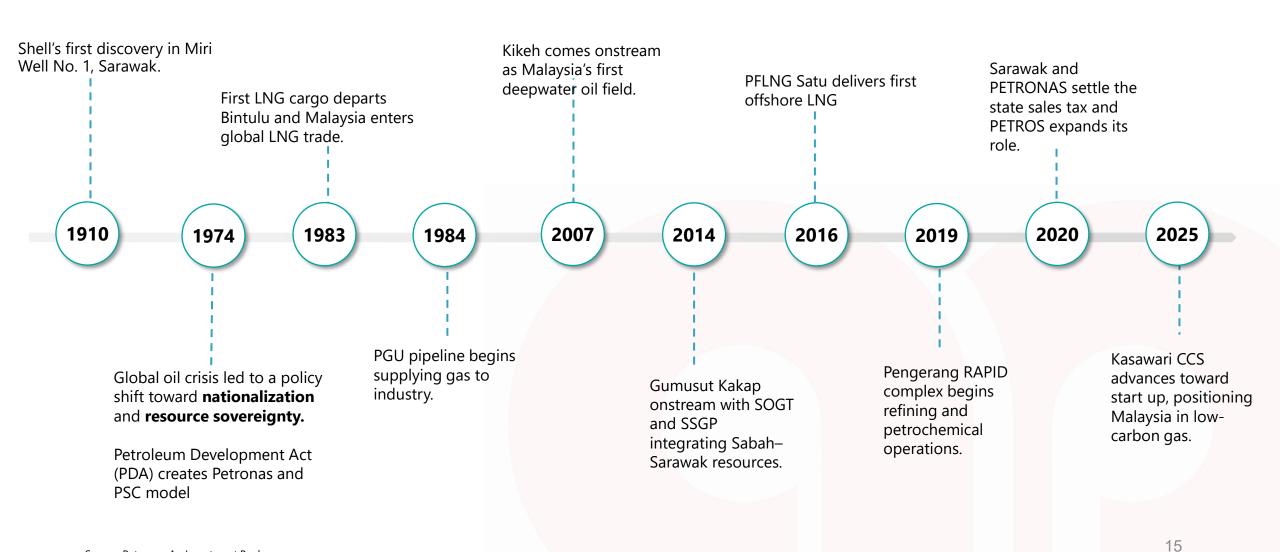
> but **Tapis** remains a reference for quality differentials.



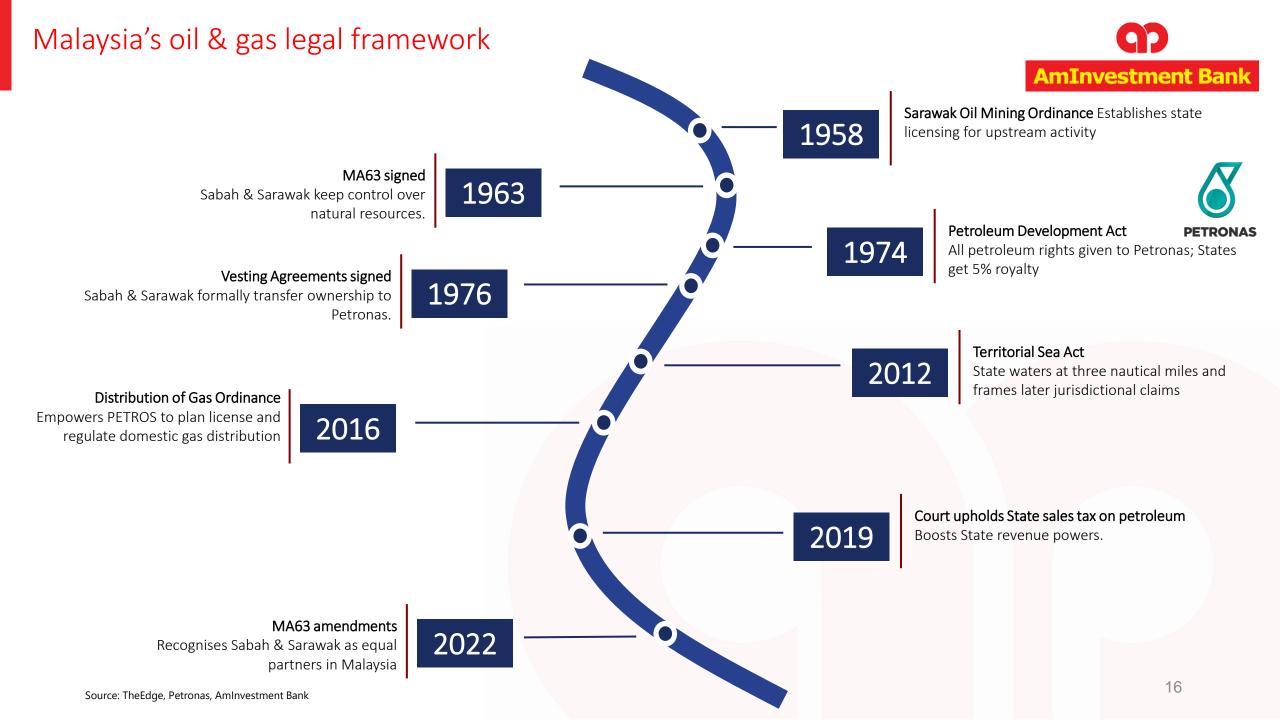


Key milestones for Malaysia oil & gas





Source: Petronas, AmInvestment Bank



Mapping Malaysia's oil & gas landscape

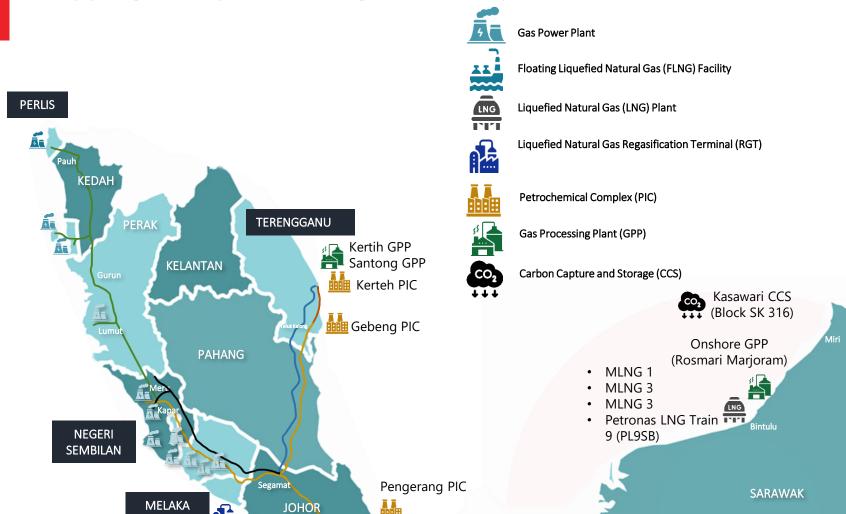


Petronas

FLNG Dua

Kebabangan

Petronas FLNG Satu



Pengerang LNG 2 (PLNG2) / RGT-2)

Pi	peline	Route	Length (km)	Gas In Year
PGU I		Kertih – Teluk Kalong	32	1983
PGU II		Sector I: Teluk Kalong – Segamat	265	1991
		Sector II: Segamat – Kapar	241	1991
		Sector III: Segamat – Plentong	208	1991
PGU III		Sector I: Meru – Lumut	184	1996
		Sector II: Lumut - Gurun	130	1996
		Sector III: Gurun – Pauh	136	1996
Loop 1	-	Kertih – Segamat	266	1999
Loop 2		■ Segamat – Meru	228	2000
Total		_	2500	

SABAH

Petronas- Sg. Udang LNG (RGT)

Evolution of Malaysia Petroleum Arrangement Contracts (PSCs)

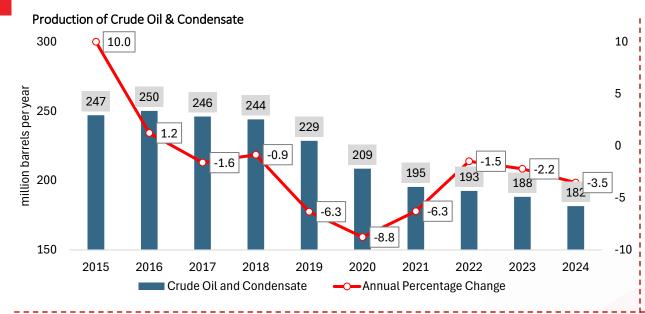


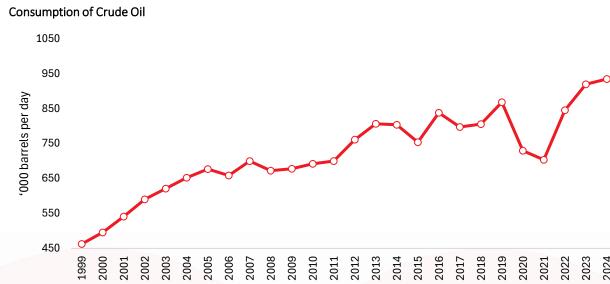
Pre 1976	10.0		1994	1997	2011	2012	2017	
Concession	1976 PSC	1985 PSC	Deepwater / Ultra Deepwater	R/C PSC	Risk Service Contract	Progressive Volume based	Deepwater R/C PSC	
Agreement between oil companies and government	Convert existing concessions into PSCs	Attract foreign players for exploration and production	Encourage deepwater exploration, development, and production	Promote foreign investment and effective exploration of high-risk plays	Encourage innovation and local development capability	Boost foreign investment in brown fields and accelerate recovery	Attract deepwater investment and promote cost- effective technology	
Traditional concession model	Fixed profit split	Production- based fiscal terms	Production- based fiscal terms	Profitability- based sliding fiscal term tied to index	Modified risk/reward sharing structure	Cost recovery platform + progressive profit sharing	Profitability- based sliding fiscal term tied to index	

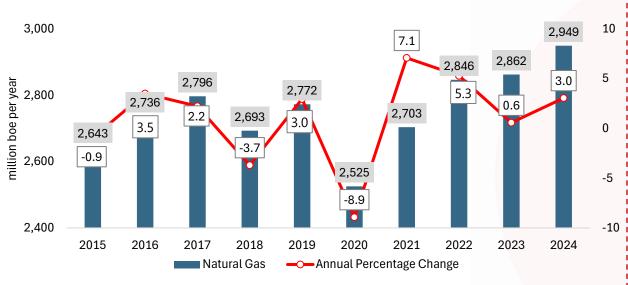
Source: Petronas Website, AmInvestment Bank

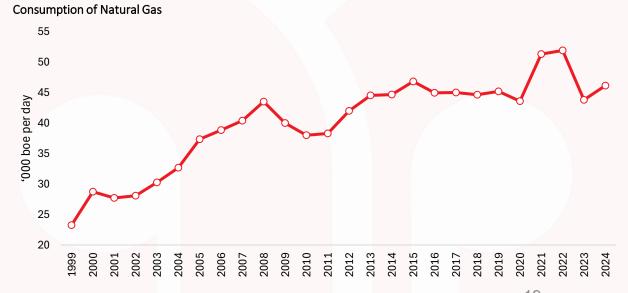
Malaysia's Oil & Gas Key Stats





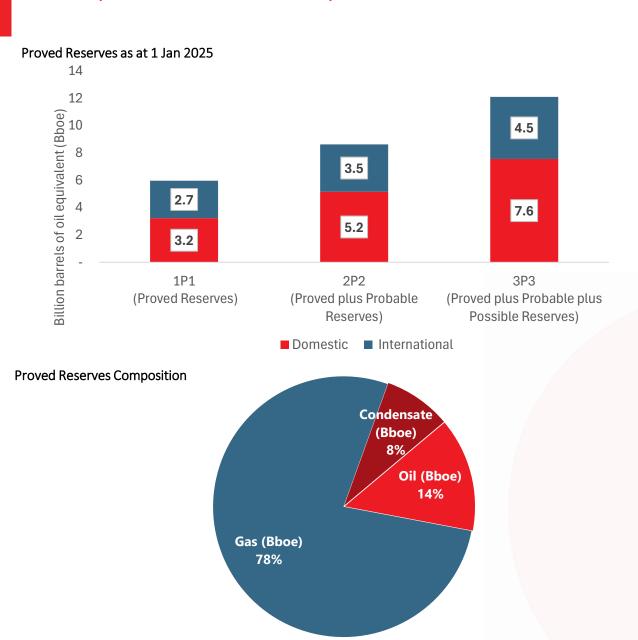




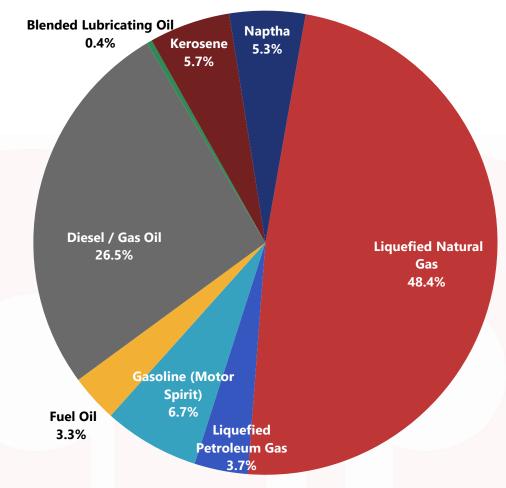


Malaysia's Oil & Gas Key Stats



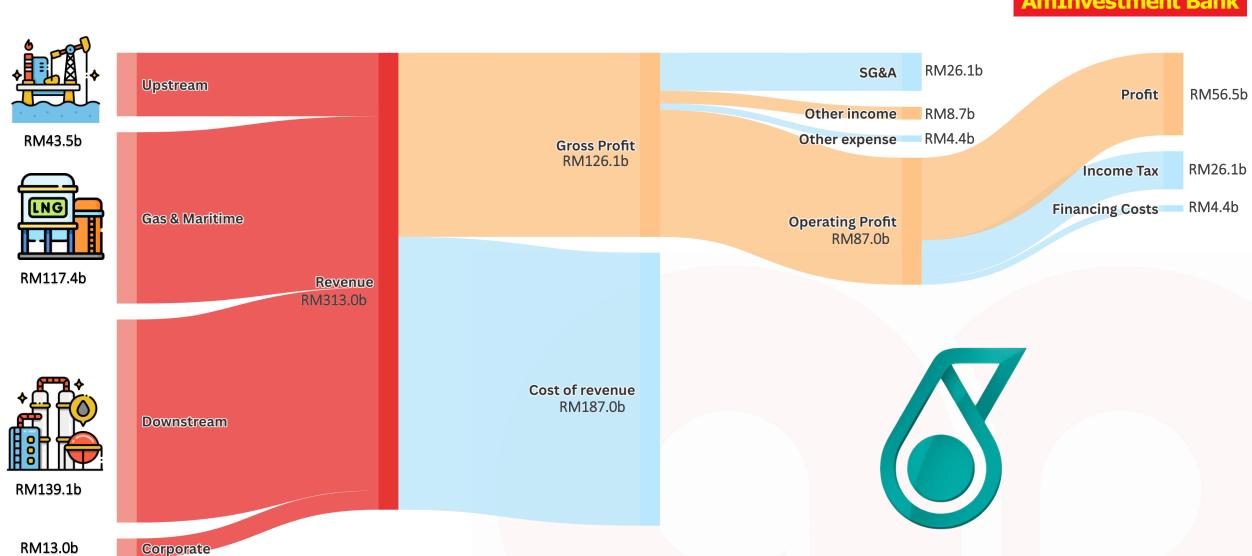


Production of Major Products in Refined Petroleum Products Industry



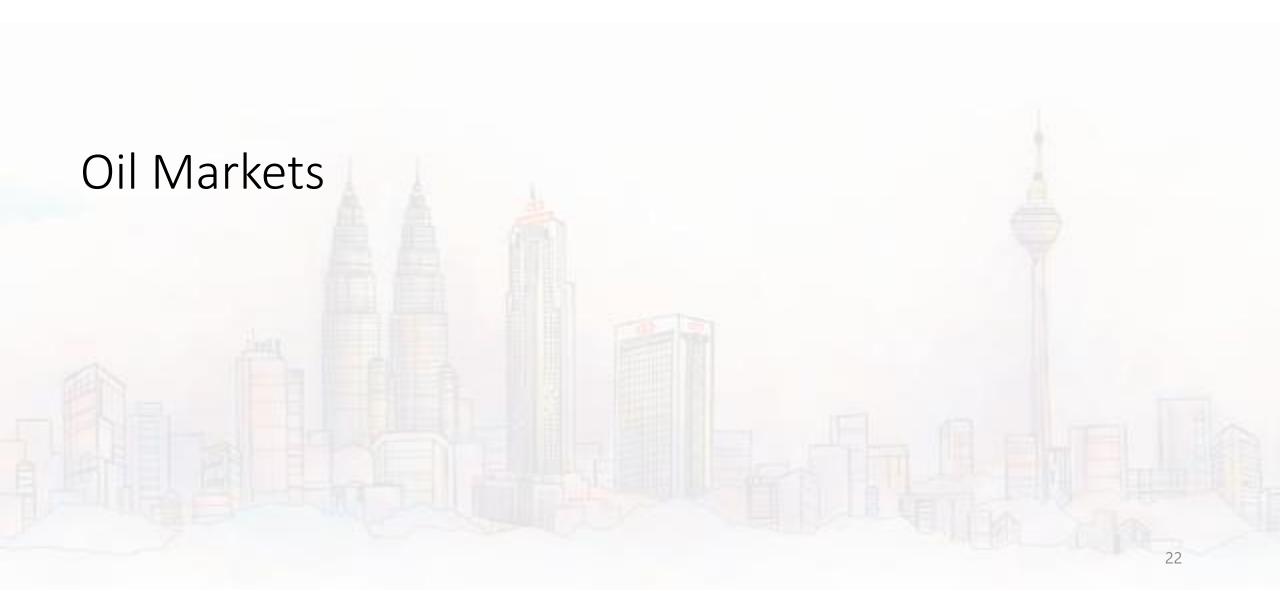
How Petronas made money in 2024?





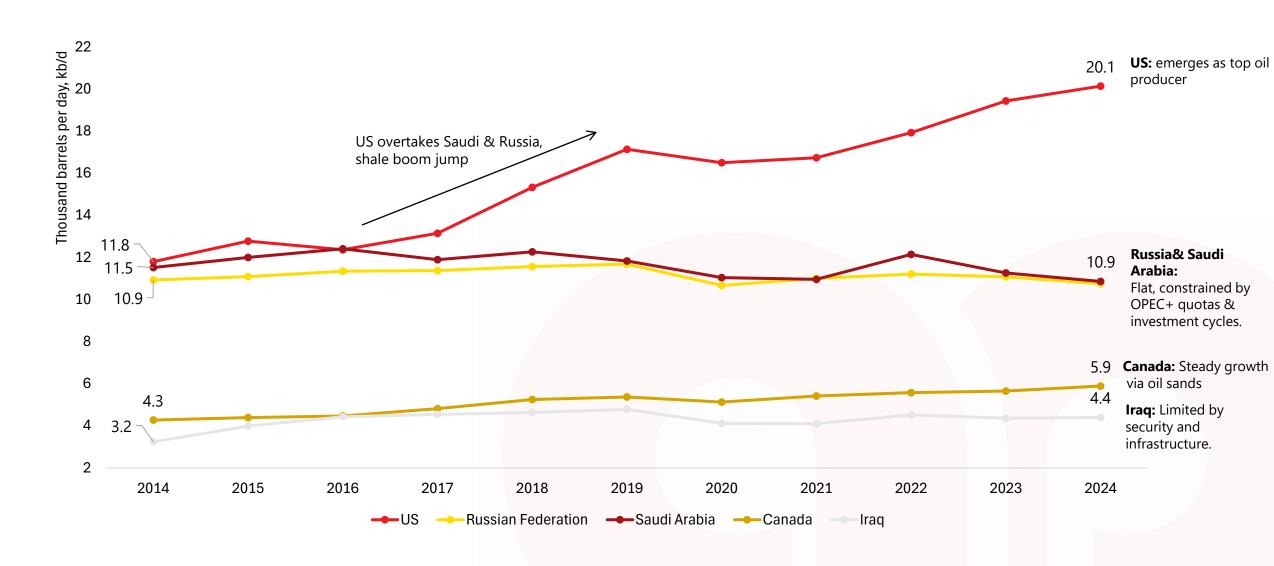
PETRONAS





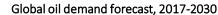
US leads global oil output after 2015 shale boom

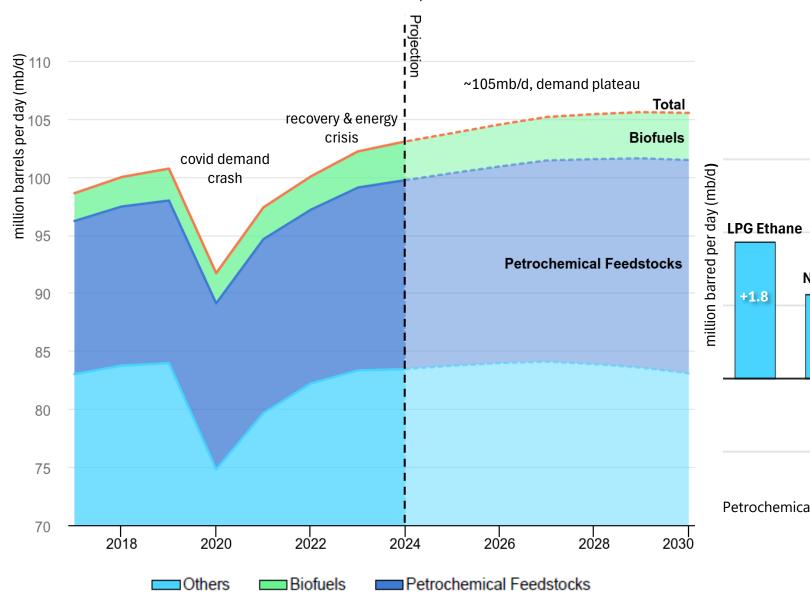




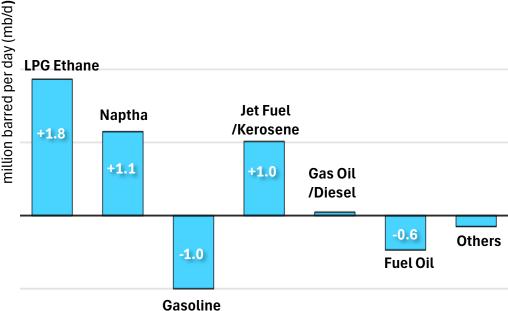
Global oil demand near plateau







Growth in world oil demand by product 2024-2030

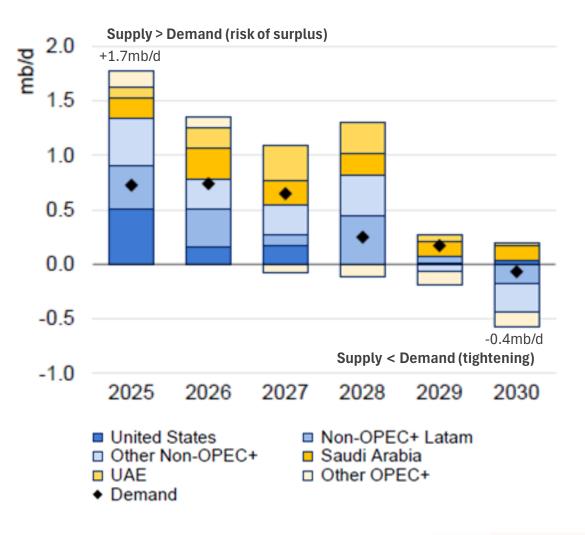


Petrochemicals & aviation partially offset road fuel decline - demand plateaus

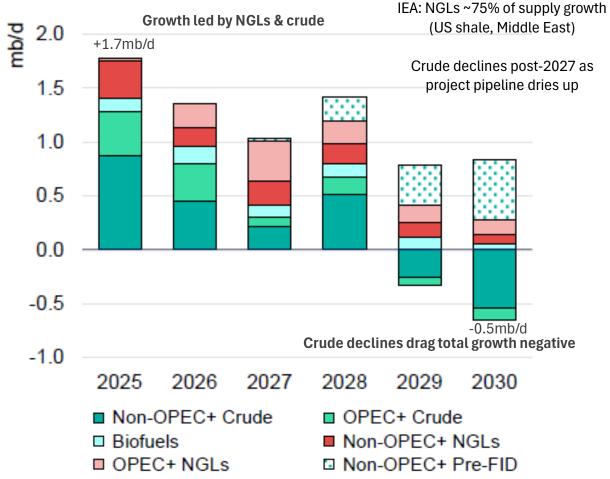
Supply growth dominated by a surge in NGLs, led by the US and Saudi Arabia







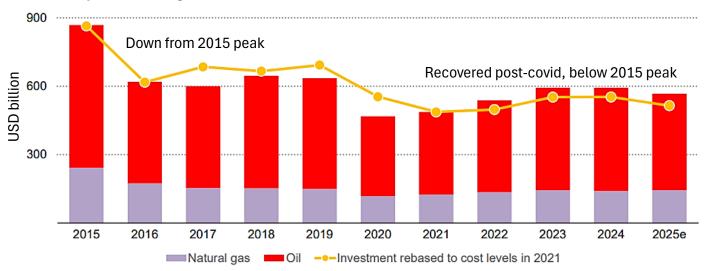
Capacity Growth by Fuel Type, 2025–2030



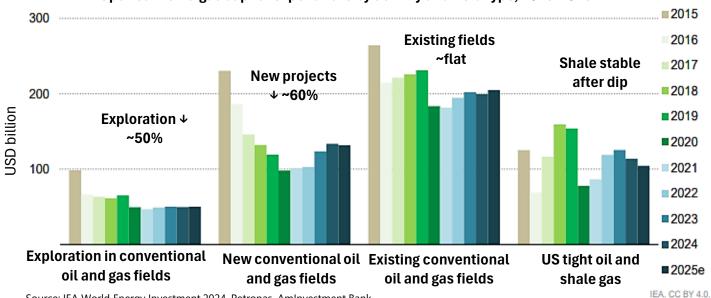
Capex rebounded post-Covid, yet below 2015 peak

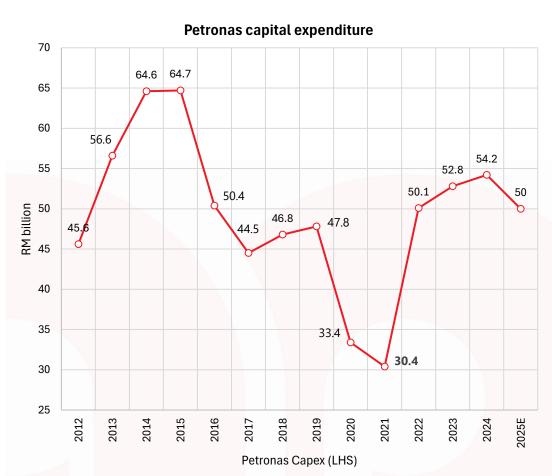






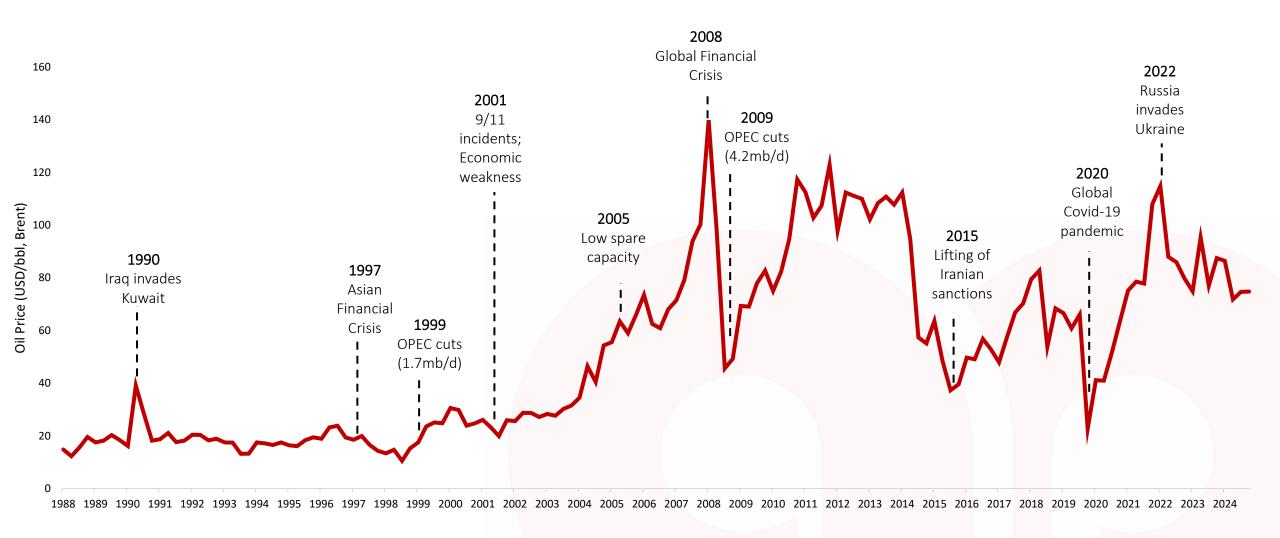
Upstream oil & gas capital expenditure by activity and field type, 2015-2025





Oil prices react to geopolitical and economic events





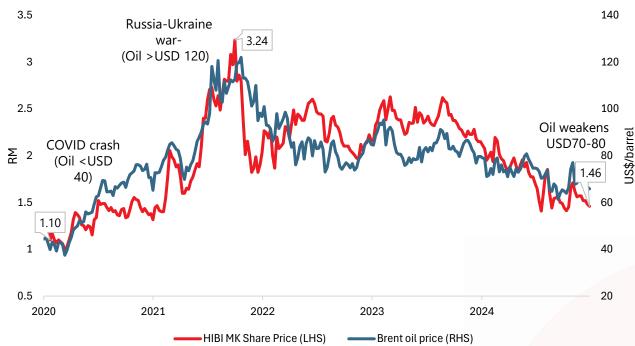
Listed oil upstream Player



Companies	Seg	Segment Revenue Contribution (%)			Background	Market Cap (RMbil)		
Exploration & Production (E&P)								
Hibiscus Petroleum	Vietnam PM3 CAA, 36%	Malaysia North Sabah, 30%	Malaysia Kinabalu, PM305, PM314, 21%		First SPAC in SEA Pure E&P player in Malaysia Balanced Portfolio (51% Oil: 49% Gas) Operational Area: Malaysia, UK, Vietnam, Brunei	1.08		

Valuing Exploration & Production company



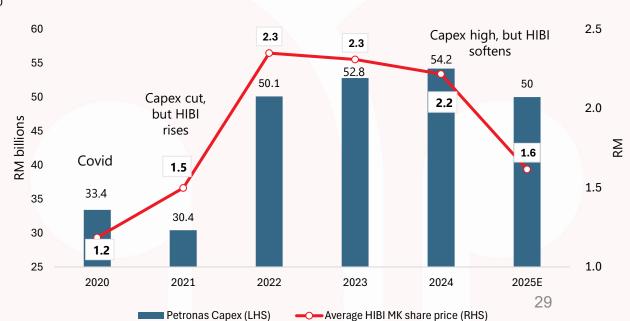


HIBI is oil-driven, not Petronas Capex-driven

 Petronas' capex provides a sector backdrop, but HIBI as an upstream producer remains price-leveraged

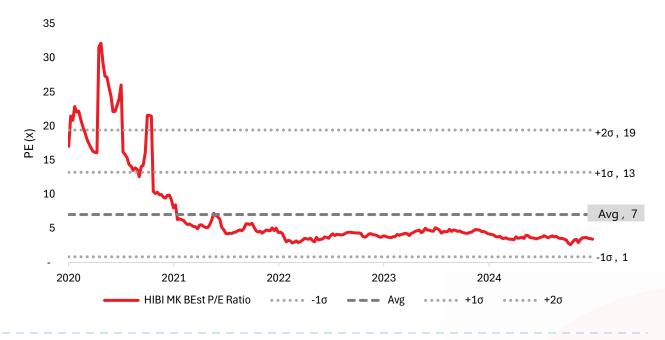
HIBI is a high-beta proxy for Brent oil

- Useful as a geared play during oil upcycles.
- The 2021 rally and 2024 decline highlight strong oil-dependency.
- Divergences (2022–2023) suggest times when company fundamentals (production, acquisitions, dividends) insulated it from crude weakness.
- Current levels (~RM1.5 with Brent ~USD 70) are back near pre-2021 baseline, indicating a potential re-rating only if oil stabilises higher.



Valuing Exploration & Production company







HIBI P/E De-rated Sharply, Now Below 1σ, EV/EBITDA at cyclical lows.

- Both multiples (P/E & EV/EBITDA) are trading near –1σ to trough bands.
- De-rated from 2020–21 highs, showing loss of investor confidence.
- At current levels → stock looks cheap vs history, but sentiment tied to oil price recovery.

NAV anchors fair value

• Long-term valuation still driven by reserves & production profiles (not visible in chart, but base anchor).

Key valuation risks:

 Commodity price sensitivity, reserve replacement pace, and fiscal/regulatory shifts.

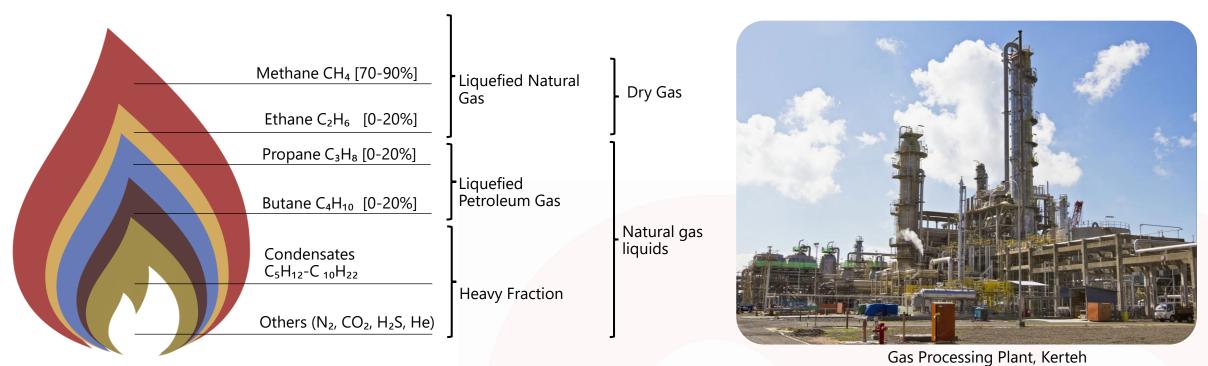




What's in Gas?



Natural gas is a hydrocarbon gas mixture used for power, heating, and feedstock. It is the cleanest fossil fuel, producing ~40% less CO₂ than coal

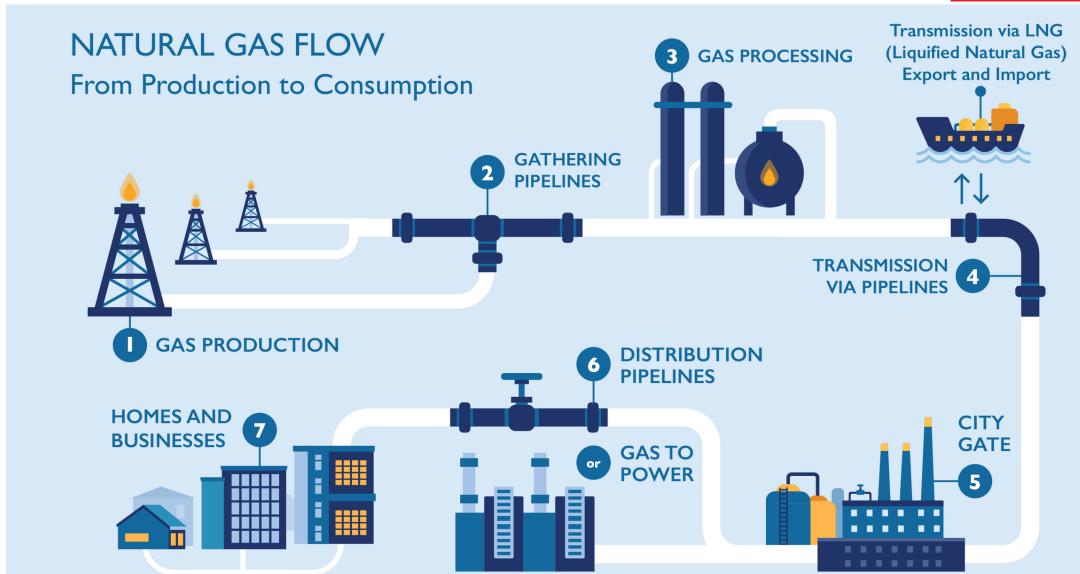


Gas = 40% less CO₂ than coal

Market Segment	Pricing Mechanism	Notes		
Domestic (Peninsular)	Regulated (via IBR)	Subsidized; reviewed periodically		
LNG Exports	Oil-linked (JCC/Brent)	Dominant pricing model; long-term contracts		
Spot LNG Exports	JKM/hub-linked (growing)	~15–20% of LNG exports		

From Gas Well to End-User: The Natural Gas Journey





Evolution of Malaysia's Gas Industry



SSGP: Sabah-Sarawak Gas Pipeline

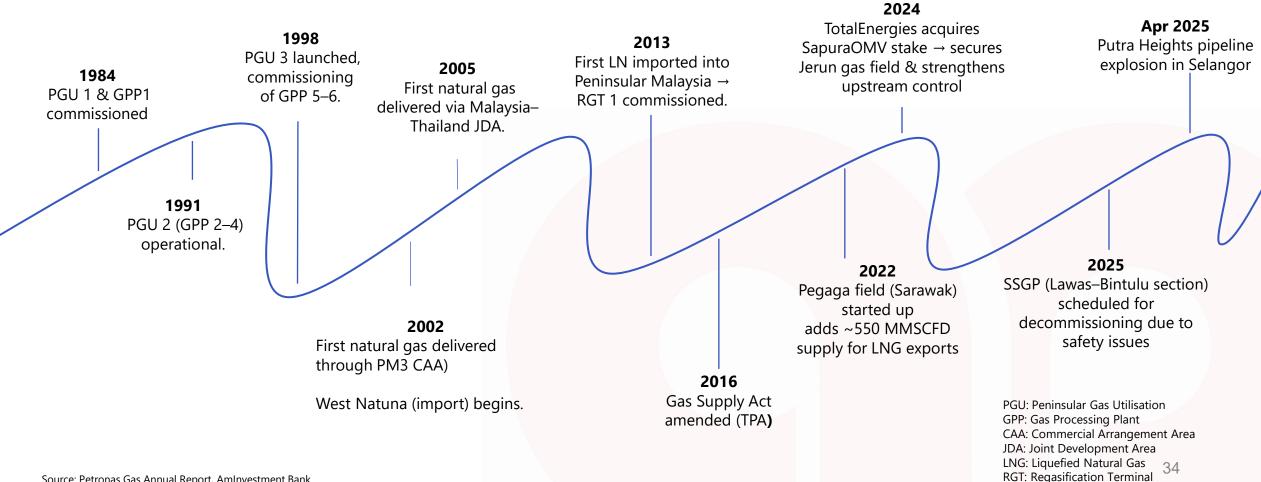
Developing Natural Gas (1970 - 1990s)



Secure Natural Gas Supply (2000 –2015)



Market Liberalization and Deepwater Exploration (2016 – Current)

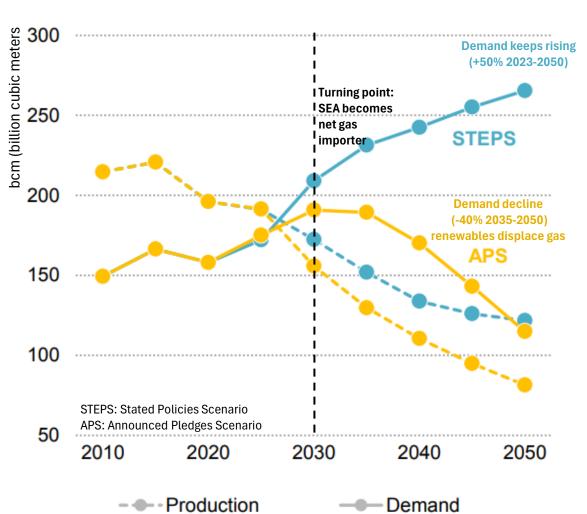


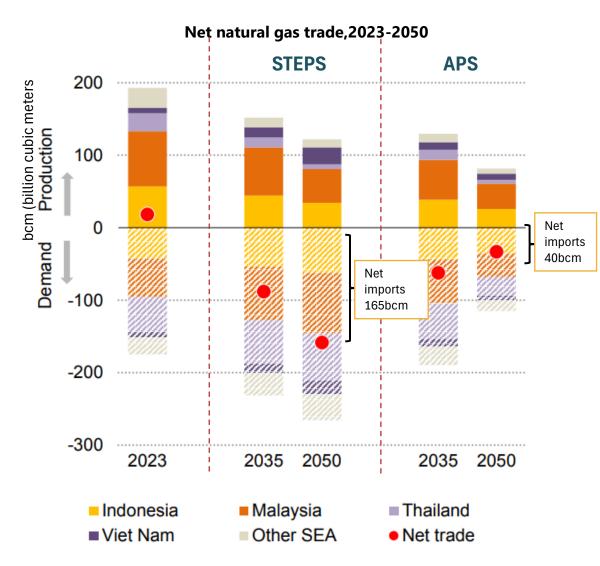
Southeast Asia's gas sector is at a crossroads as natural gas demand soon starts to exceed domestic production



AmInvestment Bank

Natural gas demand and production by scenario, 2010-2050



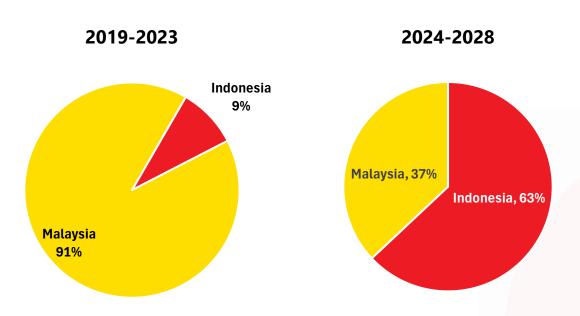


Southeast Asia shifts from self-sufficient in 2023 \rightarrow net importer under all scenarios. STEPS drives heavy LNG dependence, while APS slows demand but cannot avoid imports."

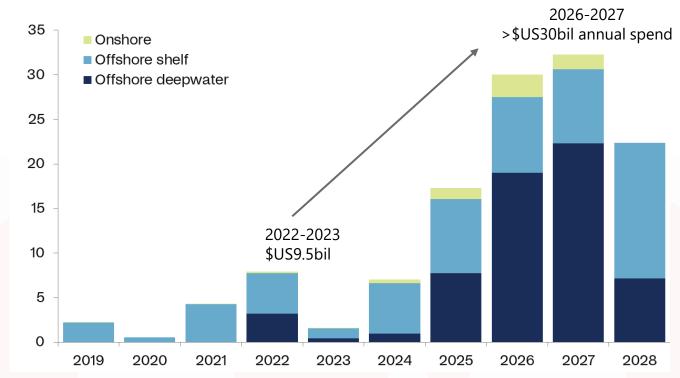


Sanctioned Gas Investment in Southeast Asia

Final investment decision (%), 2019-2028



Leadership shift from Malaysia → Indonesia to dominate (63%), driven by deepwater



Growth is fueled by **deepwater developments**, recent gas discoveries in **Indonesia and Malaysia**, and rising optimism around **carbon capture and storage (CCS)** deployment.

Source: Rystad Energy, Amlnvestment Bank

Listed gas companies

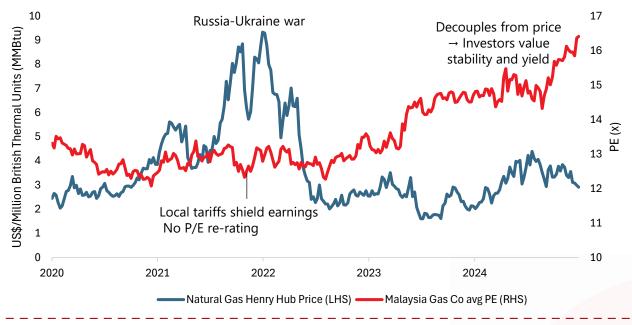


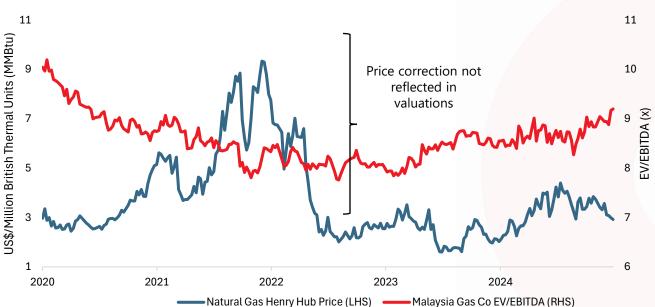
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Companies		Segment Revenue Contributio	n (%)		Background	Market Cap (RMbil)
Petronas Gas					Key Assets: ◆GPPs in Kertih & Gebeng (combined ~2,000 mmscfd capacity)	35.02
	Gas Processing (GP), 33%	Gas Transportation (GT, 32%	Utilities, 20%	Regasification , 15%	◆Gas Transmission Pipeline Network (2,600 km, Peninsular Gas Utilisation)	
					 ◆Utilities (steam, industrial gases, electricity supply in Kertih & Gebeng) ◆Regasification Terminals: Pengerang (3.5 mtpa) and Sungai Udang, Melaka (3.8 mtpa) 	
Gas Malaysia				Energy Solution	◆Gas Distribution Pipeline: >2,700 km across Peninsular Malaysia ◆Supplies over 900 industrial customers,	5.44
	Natural Gas Distribution (NGD)), 90%		s, 10%	16,000 commercial, 1 million residential users	

Source: Companies latest annual report, AmInvestment Bank







Malaysia Gas Valuations Decouple from Commodity Cycles

Natural gas prices remain volatile, but valuation multiples have de-linked and rerated upwards

A shift from commodity sensitivity to structural fundamentals and regulated returns.

Similarly, Malaysian gas companies trade on stable EV/EBITDA multiples, largely insulated from natural gas price volatility



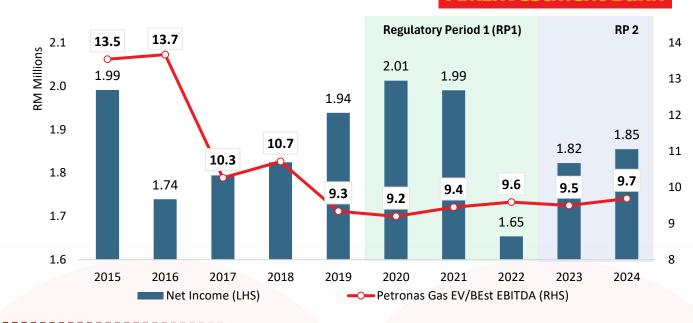
Rather, valuation are driven by sentiment and earnings expectations

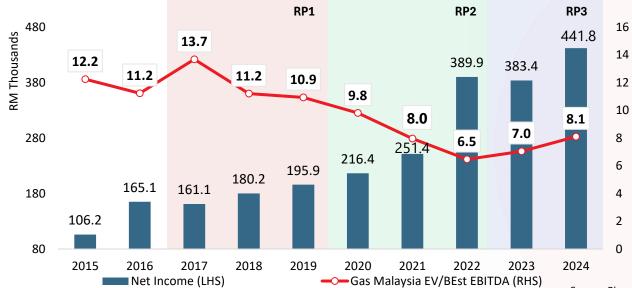
Earnings steady at RM1.7–2.0bn a year since 2015, thanks to the Incentive Based Framework (IBR) framework.

Valuation reset – EV/EBITDA de-rated from \sim 13–14x (2015–16) to \sim 9–10x after 2017.

Seen as a bond proxy – reliable dividends, but limited share price rerating.

Solid cash flows + defensive positioning = low risk, stable yield.



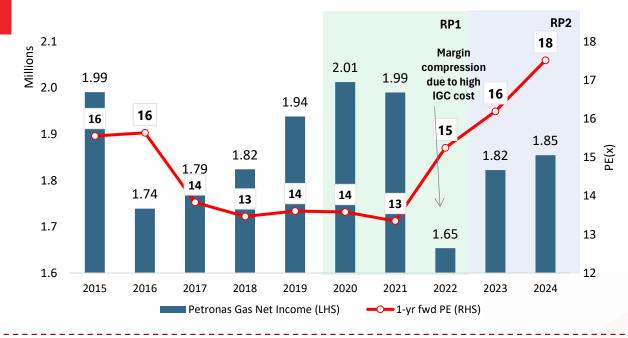


Net income up \sim 4x (2015–2024) \rightarrow from RM106m to RM442m, driven by volumes + tariff step-ups across RP1–RP3.

EV/EBITDA de-rated from ~13x (2015–17) \rightarrow 6–8x in RP2–RP3.

Despite record profitability, valuation multiples capped due to regulated utility profile.



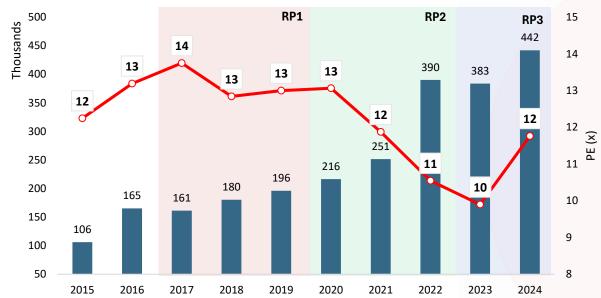


PE ratio moves inversely to earnings

Traded consistently in the 13-14x range, only re-rating to $\sim 16-18x$ in 2023-24 with earnings recovery.

When PetGas earnings weakened, investors awarded it a *higher multiple* because of its regulated, defensive profile.

When earnings were steady but uninspiring, the market compressed multiples.



- 1-yr fwd PE (RHS)

Gas Malaysia Net Income (LHS)

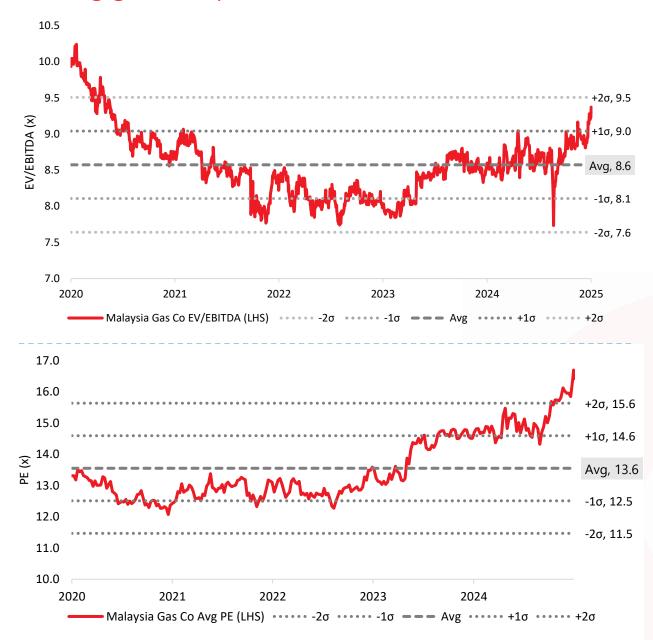
PE compressed despite earnings growth

P/E trend: Compressed from ~14x (2017) to ~10–12x (2022–24).

Message: Despite strong earnings growth, P/E multiples de-rated — showing the market prices in capped upside under IBR.

Gas Malaysia's PE compressed because the market viewed its earnings surge as **regulated**, **temporary**, **and defensive in nature** — not deserving of a "growth stock" multiple. Only after consistent delivery did investors rerate it modestly in 2024.





Approach & Multiples

EV/EBITDA: De-rated from \sim 10x (2020) to \sim 8x (2022), modest recovery to \sim 9–9.5x in 2024–25. Anchored by IBR, limiting upside despite record earnings.

P/E: Fell to \sim 12x in 2021–22, re-rated to \sim 15–16x recently. Shows volatility and inflation at troughs, so used only as a secondary check.

Valuation mix: For gas distributors like GMB, EV/EBITDA is the primary benchmark, while DCF/NAV capture long-term cash flows.

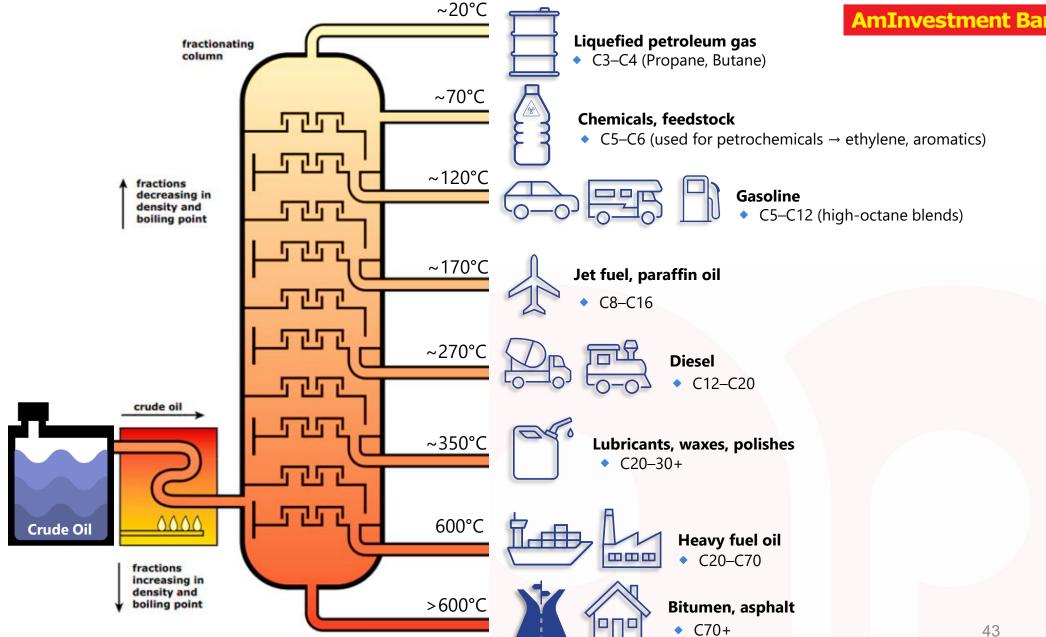
Sector fundamentals: Demand growth (clean energy vs coal), tariff adjustments, and regulation remain the main valuation drivers.





Refining 101: Turning crude into products

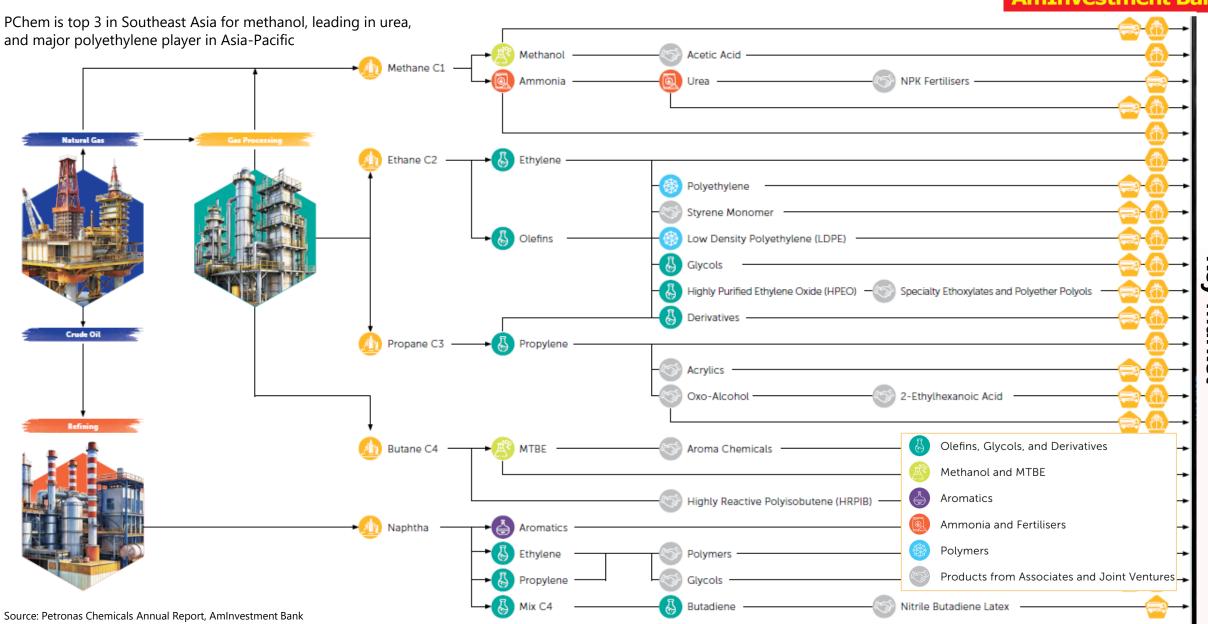




Petronas Chemicals Value Chain (1/2)



AmInvestment Bank



Petronas Chemicals Value Chain (2/2)



Legend









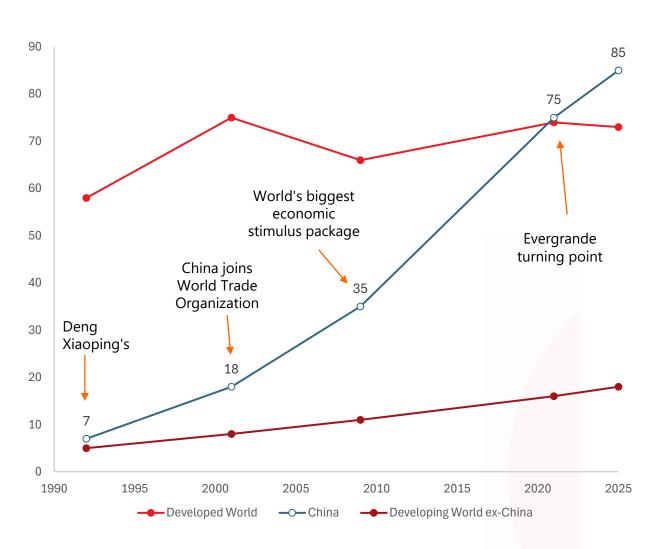
Specialty Chemicals

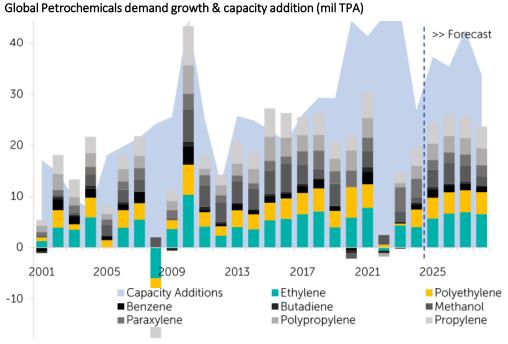
45

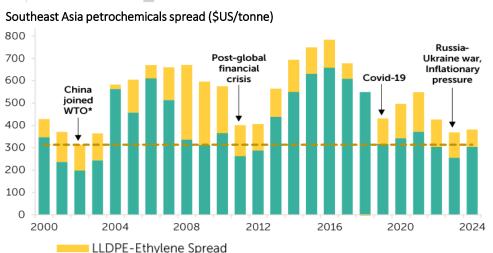
End of Chemicals Supercycle, Deep Downturn amid Oversupply



AmInvestment Bank





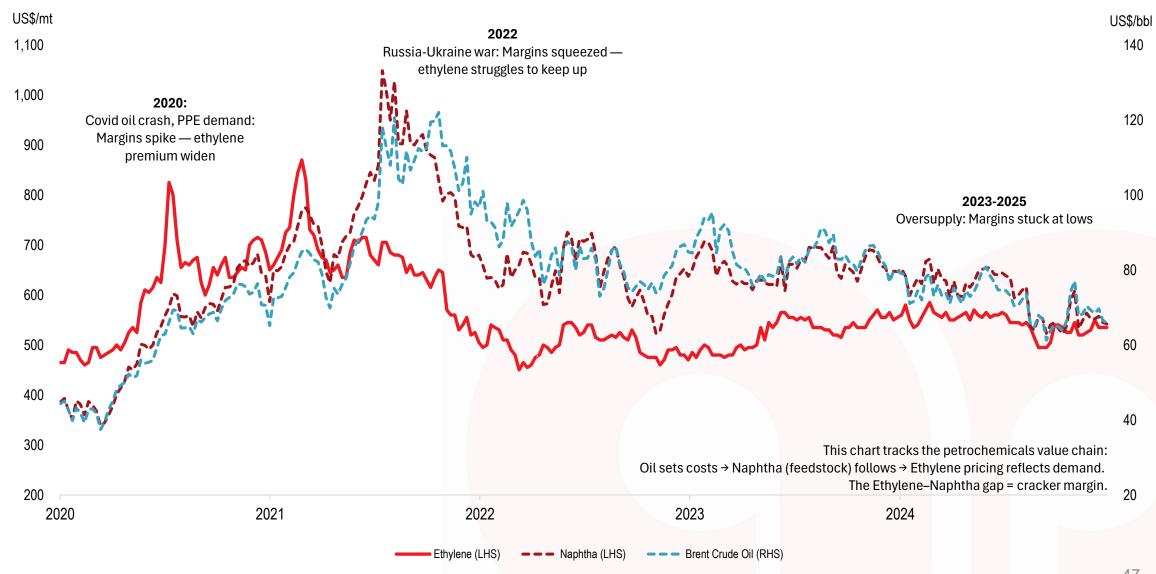


Ethylene-Naphtha Spread

— — Historical Low Spread (US\$314/tonne)

Crude-to-Chemicals margin: Ethylene premium over naphtha narrows





Listed petrochemicals player



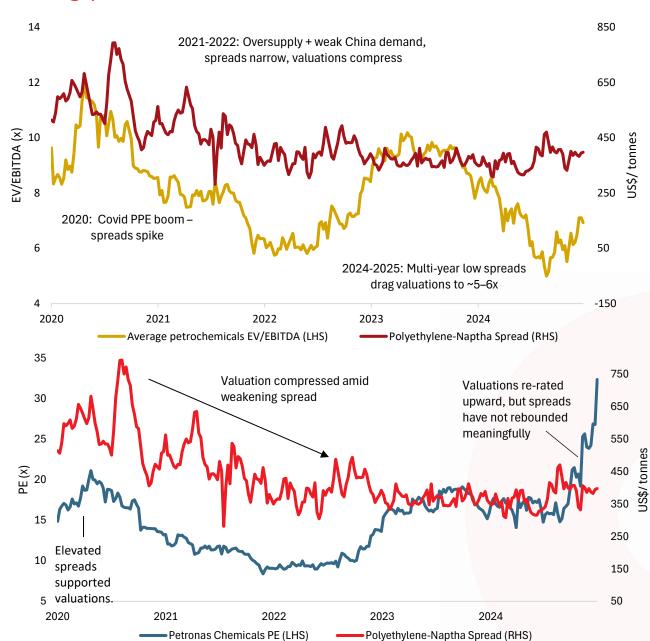
Companies	Segment Revenue Contribution (%)		Background	Market Cap (RMbil)	
		Petrochemicals			-
Petronas Chemicals Group	Olefins & Derivatives, 50%	Fertilisers & Methanol, 28%	Specialties, 21%	◆Production capacity: 16.8mil TPA ◆Sales Volume: 10.4mil MT ◆Key Markets (% of sales): SEA ex Malaysia: 39% Malaysia: 17%	27.1
Lotte Chemical Titan	Polyolefin, 78%		Olefins & Derivatives, 22%	◆Production capacity: 3.6mil TPA ◆Sales Volume: 1.5mil MT ◆Key Markets (% of sales): Malaysia: 35% Indonesia: 35% SEA ex Malaysia: 16% Others (China, Northeast Asia, India): 14%	1.2

48

Valuing petrochemicals

Source: Bloomberg, AmInvestment Bank





Spreads drive valuations

Charts show EV/EBITDA and P/E multiples compressing when spreads weakened (2022–24), and modest re-rating in 2025 despite flat margins.

Preferred anchors

EV/EBITDA better capture cycle positioning than P/E alone, consistent with the left-hand patterns.

Valuing petrochemicals







P/E multiples (top chart): P/E inflated to 15–16x in 2023–24 even while earnings were weak — a clear denominator effect. This shows why P/E can mislead at cycle troughs.

EV/EBITDA multiples (bottom chart): Compressed to \sim 6–7x in 2022, modest recovery since, but still below long-term average (\sim 10–11x).

Takeaway: For petrochemicals, EV/EBITDA is the cleaner cycle anchor, while P/E is used only as a cross-check.

Intrinsic methods matter: DCF and DDM provide stability when market multiples disconnect from spreads (e.g., 2023–25 re-rating).

Sector fundamentals: Valuations remain tied to feedstock costs, demand growth, and cycle timing — as seen in the spread–multiple relationship.





How Oil Services Make Money?



They provide **technical services**, **equipment**, **and expertise** to oil & gas companies (like Petronas, Shell, Exxon). Key activities include:



Drilling servicesDrill rigs, drill bits, directional drilling



Well services
Well logging, cementing, fracking



Subsea/Offshore support

Subsea installation, Remote Operated Vehicles (ROVs), FPSO maintenance



Production support
Enhanced oil recovery (EOR),
artificial lift systems



Seismic & geological
Reservoir mapping, 3D seismic surveys



Hook-up & commissioning, topside maintenance

Although they work across all the phases, oil service firms make the most money when upstream production is booming.

Listed oilfield services companies (1/5)



Companies	Segment Revenue Contribution (%)		Background	Market Cap (RMbil)
	Offshore Suppo	rt Vessels / Marine Logistics		
Keyfield International	Marine Offshore Support Services, 100%		◆Order Book: RM744.2mil ◆Assets: 8 AWB, 2 AHTS, 1 PSV, 1 Work Barge, 1 Cable Laying Barge ◆Presence: Malaysia, Saudi Arabia	1.44
Coastal Contracts	Vessel Chartering Services, 69%	Shipbuilding and Ship Repair Services, 31%	◆ Vessel chartering asset - 1 TC7 liftboat	0.73
Lianson Fleet Group	Marine Offshore Support Services, 100%		◆Order Book: RM320.8mil ◆Asset: 22 Active OSVs.36 Marine Transport ◆> 30 Years Experience in OSV ◆Presence: Malaysia (79% of revenue) & Brunei (21%)	0.63

53

Listed oilfield services companies (3/5)



Companies	Segment Revenue Contribution	Background	Market Cap (RMbil)	
	Offshore Support Vessels	/ Marine Logistics		
Perdana Petroleum	Marine Offshore Support Services, 100%		◆ Order Book: RM800mil ◆ Subsidiary of Dayang Enterprise ◆ Average fleet age of 14 years 8 AHTS, 5 work barge, 1 AWB ◆ Presence: East Malaysia (81% of	0.39
			contracts), Penisular Malaysia (18%), Songkhla (1%)	
Marine & General			Upstream - Jasa Merin (Malaysia) ◆Asset: 20 AHTS, 2 SSV ◆Presence: Malaysia	0.19
	Marine Logistics – Upstream, 76%	Marine Logistics – Downstream, 24%	Downstream - Jasa Merin (Labuan), M&G Tankers	
			◆Asset:DWT chemical vessel,1 x CPP tankers◆Presence: Southeast Asia	
Alam Maritim Resources		Support Vessel, Others , 10%	◆PN17 status◆Order Book: Rm1.52mil◆Sold 4 vessels in FY24 to repay sukukholder	0.05

Listed oilfield services companies (2/5)



Companies	Segment Revenue Contribution (%)		Background	Market Cap (RMbil)
	Hook-up, Commis	sioning, Maintenance (HUC,MCM) & Bro	ownfield	
Dayang Enterprise Holdings	Offshore Topside Maintenance , 64%	Marine Offshore Support Services, 36%	◆Outstanding order book: RM5.1bil ◆Key Assets: 24 marine vessels ◆Clients: Petronas Carigali), PTTEP, Roc Oil, Enquest, Mubadala, and JX Nippon.	1.98
Vantris Energy (prev. Sapura Energy)	Drilling, 49%	Ops & Engineering & Construction (E&C), 31% Ops & Maintenance (O&M), 20%	◆Outstanding order book: RM7.0bil ◆Key Markets: China, Australia, USA, Western Africa, Middle East	0.74
Petra Energy	Services (HUC, MCM), 50%	Offshore support Vessel, 50%	◆Key Assets: 4 AWB, 1 AHTS, 2 Work Barge, 1 MOPU ◆Clients: Petronas Carigali, PETROS ◆Key Markets: Malaysia (Sarawak & Sabah)	0.37

55

Listed oilfield services companies (4/5)



Companies	Segment Revenue Contribution (%)		Background	Market Cap (RMbil)	
	EPCC, Fab	rication & Process Equipr	ment		
Dialog Group	Midstream, 62%	Upstream, 22%	ownstream, 16%	 ◆ Key assets: Pengerang Deepwater Terminals (PIT, PT2, PLNG2, DTL5) ◆ Key markets: Malaysia + regional energy hubs 	8.58
Steel Hawk	EPCC, 84%	Supply Oilfield Equipment, 37%	I&M, 13%	◆Clients: Heavily dependent on Petronas Carigali	0.25
T7 Global	Energy (IPS, Offshore Services, Wells & Decommissioning), 95%	Industrial Solutions	,55%	◆Order Book: RM4.5bil ◆Clients: Petronas Carigali, Exxonmobil, EnQuest ◆Key Assets: MOPU, plug-and- abandonment units, industrial system	0.23

Listed oilfield services companies (5/5)



Companies	Segment Revenue Contribution (%)		Background	Market Cap (RMbil)
	FPSO & Offshore Production / Oil G	as Shipping		
MISC	Petroleum & Product Shipping, 38% Marine & Heavy Engineering, 26% 23%	Offshore , 12%	◆ Key Assets Ship: LNG Carriers (LNGCs) - 27x Very Large Ethane Carriers (VLECs)- 6x LNG Bunker Vessel (LBV) -1x Floating Storage Units (FSUs) - 2x Petroleum and Product Tankers - 58x ◆ Offshore Floating: FPSO - 6x FSO - 5x Semi-FPS - 1x ◆ Offshore Key Market: South America, West Africa, and the Asia-Pacific	34.19
Yinson Holdings	Offshore Production & Offshore Marine, 99%	RE , 7%	◆Orderbook: RM94.1bil (next 25 years) 10 FPSOs/FSOs (8 operational, 2 under construction) ◆Key FPSO projects (Maria Quiteria, Atlanta, Agogo) ◆Key Market: Brazil and West Africa	5.57
Bumi Armada	Floating Production Storage and Offloading (FPSO) vessels, Gas Solutions units, Subsea Construction (SC), 999	· ·	◆Orderbook: RM10.1bil ◆Key Assets: 7 FPSOs (3-owned, 4 jointly-owned), 1 LNG FSU, 2 Subsea Vessels ◆Key Market: United Kingdom, Angola,	3.02 57

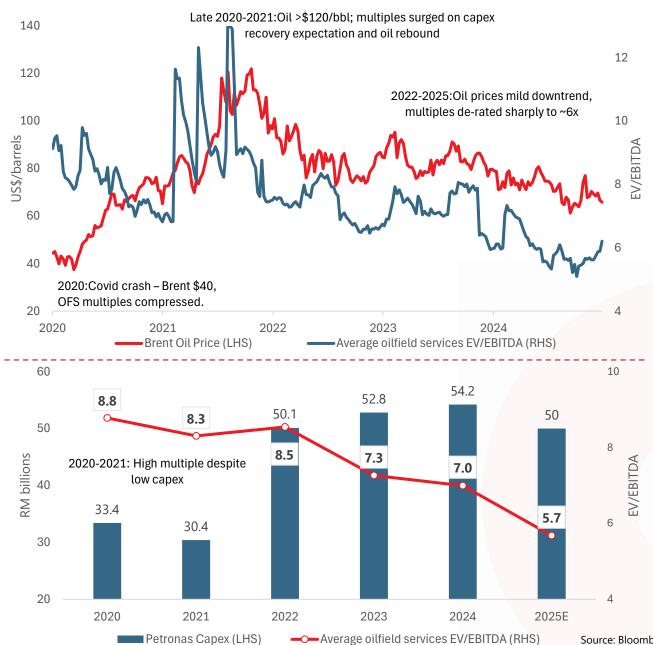
Abbreviation



Abbreviation	Full Name	Abbreviation	Full Name
HUC	Hook-Up & Commissioning	VLEC	Very Large Ethane Carrier
MCM	Maintenance, Construction & Modification	LBV	LNG Bunker Vessel
O&M	Operations & Maintenance	FSU	Floating Storage Unit
E&C	Engineering & Construction	SC	Subsea Construction
AWB	Accommodation Work Barge	EPCC	Engineering, Procurement, Construction & Commissioning
AHTS	Anchor Handling Tug Supply (Vessel)	I&M	Inspection & Maintenance
PSV	Platform Supply Vessel	IPS	Integrated Production Services
MOPU	Mobile Offshore Production Unit	DWT	Deadweight Tonnage (ship capacity measure)
OSV(s)	Offshore Support Vessel(s)	CPP	Condensate Processing Plant
TC	Time Charter	PN17	Practice Note 17 (Bursa Malaysia classification for financially distressed
FPSO	Floating Production Storage & Offloading	PIT	Pengerang Independent Terminals (Phase 1, storage facilities for crude oil &
FSO	Floating Storage & Offloading	PT2	Pengerang Terminals (Two) — Phase 2 expansion (additional storage & marine
Semi-FPS	Semi-Submersible Floating Production System	PLNG2	Pengerang LNG (Two) Sdn Bhd — LNG regasification terminal (Petronas Gas
LNG	Liquefied Natural Gas	DTL5	Dialog Terminals Langsat 5 — storage terminal at Tanjung Langsat, Johor
LNGC	LNG Carrier		

Valuing oilfield services





EV/EBITDA tracks Brent with a lag

Correlation holds in direction

Multiples rise when oil rises, fall when oil falls.

But timing diverges

Valuations peaked earlier (2021) and have de-rated faster than Brent since 2022, reflecting investor caution on capex sustainability.

Post-2022 consolidation

Multiples settled into a 6–8x band, anchored to EBITDA delivery rather than oil spikes.

By 2025, weaker oil reinforced derating, bringing valuations closer to midcycle norms.

Capex vs. valuations

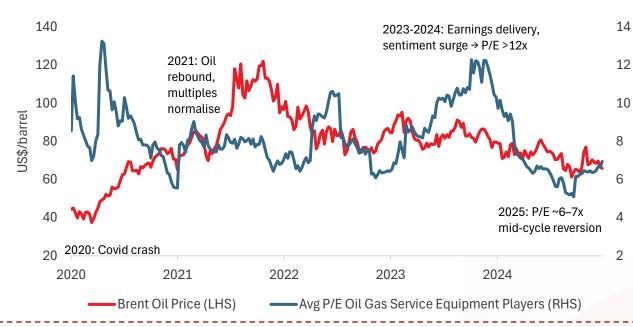
Despite Petronas capex staying >RM50b, multiples slid from 8–9x to \sim 6x, showing markets price in sustainability and risk of cuts.

Takeaway

Investor expectations on cycle durability, not absolute oil or capex levels.

Valuing oilfield services





High oil did not mean higher multiples, and moderate oil still supported re-rating

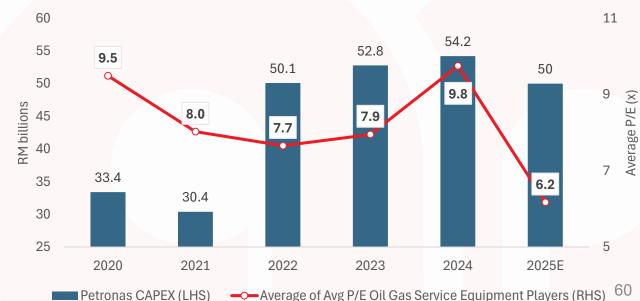
2020 to early 2021, valuations tracked Brent closely. Since 2022, the link weakened as investors priced in capex discipline and cycle risks.

Despite high capex, weaker oil reinforced cautious sentiment, pulling P/E multiples down to ~6x — showing that valuations move more on expectations than absolute oil levels.

Oilfield services valuations move ahead of CAPEX cycles.

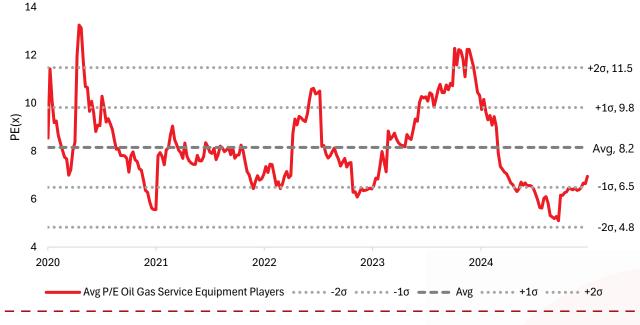
Multiples peak early on recovery optimism, then compress as earnings are delivered.

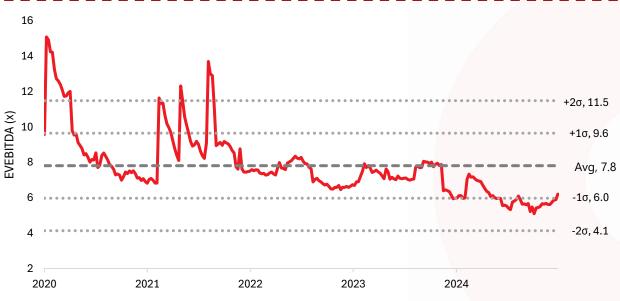
In 2025E, capex remains high, but P/E de-rated, reflecting market caution on future earnings momentum and sustainability of spend.



Valuing oilfield services







• EV EBITDA ••••• -2σ •••• -1σ ••• Avg •••• +1σ •••• +2σ

Valuation Approaches

P/E multiples: Highly cyclical; spiked above 12x in 2021–22 recovery, compressed to \sim 6–7x in 2024 as earnings caught up.

EV/EBITDA multiples: Fell steadily from \sim 14x (2020) to \sim 6–7x (2024), now anchored at mid-cycle range.

Interpretation: Investors reward OFS early in upcycles (multiple expansion), then normalise valuations once contracts convert to earnings.

DCF / FCFF: Rarely used as primary in research due to volatility in contract wins but can be a cross-check.

Sector Fundamentals

- Margin compression from low-cycle contracts
- Project awards recovering from low base

Other Key Factors Influencing Valuation

- Contract Wins / Order Book Visibility
- Utilisation & Day Rates (for vessel-based OFS)
- Margins & Cost
- Balance Sheet & Gearing
- Contract Mix





Global: Key Forces Driving Oil Politics & Prices



Volatility Drivers





OPEC+ Policy Shifts



Geopolitics



Sanctions & Trade Restrictions



Strategic Reserves



Extreme Weather



Global Economic Cycles



Energy Transition & Climate Policies





Trade Flows



Shale Revolution & Underinvestment

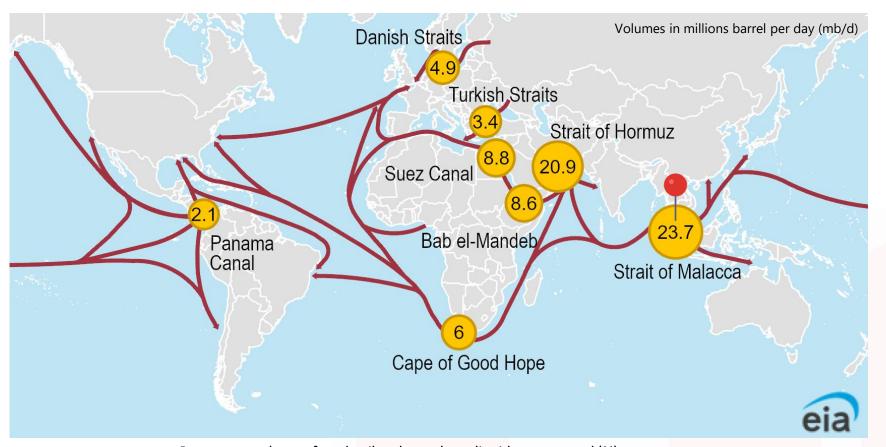


Petrodollar Revaluation

Strait of Malacca, world's most important strategic chokepoints



Volume of crude oil and petroleum liquids transported through world chokepoints in 2023



Any disruption at Malacca would force costly diversions via the Lombok/Makassar—

adds ~1,500–2,500 nautical miles

extending voyage times and raising shipping costs.

Percentage volume of crude oil and petroleum liquids transported (%)

Turkish Straits, 4% Suez Canal and Cape of Danish Bab el-Mandeb, **SUMED Pipeline,** Good Straits, **Panama** Hope, 8% Strait of Malacca, 31% **Strait of Hormuz, 27%** 11% 11% 6% Canal, 3% 64

Domestic: Petronas—Petros Saga From Federal Control to Shared Autonomy



⊙1969

2018

92020

9 2023

9 2025

Emergency declare

Sarawak's OMO (1958) remains in force.

PETROS launched;

State licensing mandated for all O&G players.

PETROS consolidates gas distribution; launches LPG cylinders.

Issues first carbon storage license;

Begins first onshore drilling at SK433.

PETROS recognized as sole aggregator

Joint framework with PETRONAS

First piped gas to homes since 1982.

Emergency annulled; Sarawak reasserts OMO rights. Sarawak imposes 5% SST; sues PETRONAS

Petronas to pay inbound revenue to PETROS → RM2.96b settlement.

Signs Heads of Agreement (HOA) with Petronas Dagangan for Sarawak LPG

Begins first exploration venture (SK437).

PETROS
Petroleum Sarawak Berhad

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Roots of the clash

Constitutional & Legal Framework

- PDA 1974 → PETRONAS control; states 5% cash.
- Sarawak DGO 2016 → PETROS empowered to regulate.
- MA63 → backdrop for jurisdiction debates.

Consequences

- Project timing delays (exploration, maintenance).
- Dividend drag ≤11% if aggregation shifts.
- FDI / credit sentiment watch.
- Sabah exploring similar autonomy.
- Sarawak leverage via gas under MA63 fiscal terms.
- Local content boost (pipelines, hydrogen, petchem).

What to watch next?

- Final PETRONAS—PETROS framework (gas pricing, licence fees, wheeling).
- Miri Crude Oil Terminal licence outcome & any penalties.
- LNG contracts (MLNG, Timi, Rosmari– Marjoram): delivery flexibility vs state rules
- National energy reform bill to align PDA & DGO.

Source: The Edge, Petros. Petronas, AmInvestment Bank





